Registered Number 04861103 LPS DIRECT (UK) LIMITED Abbreviated Accounts 31 March 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Notes	31/03/2016	31/12/2014
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	-	25,712
			25,712
Current assets			
Debtors		53,371	74,905
Cash at bank and in hand		267,961	449,411
		321,332	524,316
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(338,377)	(491,831)
Net current assets (liabilities)		(17,045)	32,485
Total assets less current liabilities		(17,045)	58,197
Total net assets (liabilities)		(17,045)	58,197
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	100	100
Other reserves		1	1
Profit and loss account		(17,146)	58,096
Shareholders' funds		(17,045)	58,197

- For the year ending 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 14 December 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

M O'Dwyer, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have

been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting

Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover policy

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied

during the cessation period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates

calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their

expected useful lives on the following bases:

L/Term Leasehold Property - 15% straight line

Plant & machinery - 15% straight line

Fixtures & fittings - 15% straight line

Office equipment - 15% straight line

Other accounting policies

Cash flow

The financial statements do not include a Cash flow statement because the company, as a small

reporting entity, is exempt from the requirement to prepare such a statement under the Financial

Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the Balance sheet at their open market value in accordance

with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015) and are not

depreciated. This treatment is contrary to the Companies Act 2006 which states that fixed assets

should be depreciated but is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary in order to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company.

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences

between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax

computation. A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which

the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

Pensions

The employee's have personal pension plans which the company contributes to and the pension

charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the funds in respect of the year.

CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party of the company for the period under review was M O'Dwyer, the director.

2 Tangible fixed assets

J	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2015	60,332
Additions	-
Disposals	(60,332)
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 March 2016	0
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2015	34,620
Charge for the year	-
On disposals	(34,620)
At 31 March 2016	0
Net book values	
At 31 March 2016	0
At 31 December 2014	25,712

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	31/03/2016	31/03/2016 31/12/2014		
	£	£		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100		