## CT \& PT BUSINESS CONSULTING LIMITED <br> ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET <br> AS AT 31 MARCH 2016

|  | Notes | ¢ | 2015 £ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets |  |  |  |
| Debtors |  | 149 | 4,071 |
| Cash at bank and in hand |  | - | 16,760 |
|  |  | 149 | 20,831 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year |  | - | (885) |
| Net current assets |  | 149 | 19,946 |
| Net assets |  | 149 | 19,946 |
| Capital and reserves |  |  |  |
| Called up share capital Profit and loss account | $\underline{2}$ | 100 49 | 100 19,846 |
| Total shareholders' funds |  | 149 | 19,946 |

For the year ending 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).
Approved by the board on 14 June 2016

Cheryl Ann Twissell FCMA CGMA MAAT
Director
Company Registration No. 05390471

## CT \& PT BUSINESS CONSULTING LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

## 1 Accounting policies

## Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

## Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of VAT and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

| $\mathbf{2}$ Share capital | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Allotted, called up and fully paid: | $\mathbf{£}$ |  |
| 50 Ordinary A Shares of $£ 1$ each | 50 | 50 |
| 50 Ordinary B Shares of $£ 1$ each | 50 | 50 |
|  |  | 100 |

