

## **Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements**

All of the members of CMC Hove LLP have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

**REGISTERED NUMBER: OC378824**

**CMC Hove LLP**

**Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial  
Statements**

**31 March 2018**

# **CMC Hove LLP**

## **Abridged Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31 March 2018**

### **Contents**

### **Page**

Members' report	<b>1</b>
Abridged statement of financial position	<b>3</b>
Reconciliation of members' interests	<b>5</b>
Notes to the abridged financial statements	<b>7</b>

# **CMC Hove LLP**

## **Members' Report**

### **Year ended 31 March 2018**

The members present their report and the unaudited abridged financial statements of the LLP for the year ended 31 March 2018 .

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year was property rental and management.

#### **Designated members**

The designated members who served the LLP during the year were as follows:

Dr K Watson

Dr J Jenkinson

Dr D Jenkinson

Dr J Petzold

Dr J Condon

Dr K Turner

Dr J Rogers

Dr P Forsdick

**Policy regarding members' drawings and the subscription and repayment of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members**

Members are permitted to make drawings in anticipation of profits which will be allocated to them. The amount of such drawings is set at the beginning of each financial year, taking into account the anticipated cash needs of the LLP.

New members are required to subscribe a minimum level of capital and in subsequent years members are invited to subscribe for further capital, the amounts of which is determined by the performance and seniority of those members. On retirement, capital is repaid to members.

This report was approved by the members on 11 October 2018 and signed on behalf of the members by:

Dr K Watson

Designated Member

Registered office:

88 Davigdor Road

Hove

East Sussex

BN1 3RF

# CMC Hove LLP

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	4	2,022,849	2,022,849
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		72,223	52,465
Cash at bank and in hand		123,280	97,817
		-----	-----
		195,503	150,282
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		15,754	15,754
		-----	-----
<b>Net current assets</b>		179,749	134,528
		-----	-----
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		2,202,598	2,157,377
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>		1,144,994	1,220,473
		-----	-----
<b>Net assets</b>		1,057,604	936,904
		-----	-----
<b>Represented by:</b>			
<b>Loans and other debts due to members</b>			
Other amounts	5	1,057,604	936,904
		-----	-----
<b>Members' other interests</b>			
Other reserves		-	-
		-----	-----
		1,057,604	936,904
		-----	-----
<b>Total members' interests</b>			
Loans and other debts due to members	5	1,057,604	936,904
Members' other interests		-	-
		-----	-----
		1,057,604	936,904
		-----	-----

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs), the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

# **CMC Hove LLP**

## **Abridged Statement of Financial Position** *(continued)*

**31 March 2018**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 11 October 2018 , and are signed on their behalf by:

Dr K Watson

Designated Member

Registered number: OC378824

# CMC Hove LLP

## Reconciliation of Members' Interests

Year ended 31 March 2018

	Members' other interests		Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors		Total members' interests
	Other reserves	Total	Other amounts	Total	Total 2018
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2017	-	-	936,904	<b>936,904</b>	<b>936,904</b>
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	127,276	<b>127,276</b>			<b>127,276</b>
Members' interests after profit for the year	127,276	<b>127,276</b>	936,904	<b>936,904</b>	<b>1,064,180</b>
Other division of profits	(127,276)	<b>(127,276)</b>	127,276	<b>127,276</b>	-
Drawings			(6,576)	<b>(6,576)</b>	<b>(6,576)</b>
<b>Balance at 31 March 2018</b>	-	-	1,057,604	<b>1,057,604</b>	<b>1,057,604</b>



# CMC Hove LLP

## Reconciliation of Members' Interests *(continued)*

**Year ended 31 March 2018**

	Members' other interests		Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors		Total members' interests
	Other reserves	Total	Other amounts	Total	Total 2017
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2016	-	-	819,420	819,420	819,420
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	125,363	125,363			125,363
Members' interests after profit for the year	125,363	125,363	819,420	819,420	944,783
Other division of profits	(125,363)	(125,363)	125,363	125,363	-
Drawings			(7,879)	(7,879)	(7,879)
Balance at 31 March 2017	-	-	936,904	936,904	936,904

# **CMC Hove LLP**

## **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31 March 2018**

### **1. General information**

The LLP is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 88 Davigdor Road, Hove, East Sussex, BN1 3RF.

### **2. Statement of compliance**

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in January 2017 (SORP 2017).

### **3. Accounting policies**

#### **Basis of preparation**

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Members' participation rights**

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with Section 22 of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships'. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the abridged statement of comprehensive income in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the abridged statement of financial position.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the abridged statement of comprehensive income and are equity appropriations in the abridged statement of financial position.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the abridged statement of financial position within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the abridged statement of comprehensive income within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the abridged statement of financial position within 'Members' other interests'.

### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### **Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the LLP are assigned to those units.

### **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the LLP becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### **4. Tangible assets**

	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
<b>At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018</b>	<b>2,022,849</b>
	-----
<b>Depreciation</b>	
<b>At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018</b>	<b>-</b>
	-----
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
<b>At 31 March 2018</b>	<b>2,022,849</b>
	-----

#### **5. Loans and other debts due to members**

	<b>2018</b>	2017
	<b>£</b>	£
Amounts owed to members in respect of profits	<b>1,057,604</b>	936,904
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